

DizQuiz for Addiction Professionals

The following are statements about people with disabilities and drug and alcohol problems. Please mark if you think the statements are true or false.

- 1) When you meet a person for the first time you can generally tell whether or not he/she has a disability.
- 2) Most people with disabilities feel awkward when others ask them questions about their specific disability.
- 3) If people have a sensory disability or have lost one of their senses, they have a stronger sense to compensate. For example, if people are blind or have visual limitations, they can hear better, or if people are Deaf or have a hearing loss, they can see better.
- 4) It is insensitive to a blind person if you make a remark such as, "I'll see you later" or "Did you see that movie?"
- 5) The majority of blind individuals do not know how to read Braille.
- 6) You will always know when someone has a visual impairment because they will use a guide dog or a white cane in their travels.
- 7) People with severe vision loss can read signs or printed material developed for the general public if they are close enough to them.
- 8) When walking with a person who uses a guide dog, it is helpful to attract the attention of the guide dog so that the dog can follow you and guide the blind person in the direction he or she should be going.
- 9) Twenty percent of people who are Deaf or hard of hearing were born Deaf or hard of hearing.
- 10) The majority of Deaf persons or persons who are hard of hearing are able to read lips because lip-reading is an easy skill to learn, and is fairly accurate.
- 11) American Sign Language (ASL) is the same as signed English.
- 12) The Deaf community using American Sign Language (ASL) has its own language and culture, just as the Chinese or Spanish speaking communities do in the United States.
- 13) People with hearing disabilities who can read lips are able to easily participate in group meetings without interpreters.
- 14) When you are talking with a Deaf person who uses an interpreter, you should look at the Deaf person when you are speaking, and you should look at the interpreter when the interpreter is speaking/interpreting.

- ___ 15) If a person has difficulty sticking to a schedule, remembering instructions, or distinguishing right from left, it means she or he is using drugs or alcohol.
- ___ 16) A person who repeats stories, becomes angry, and blames others while in a treatment program fails to take recovery seriously, or is in relapse mode.
- ___ 17) When you receive a call from an individual with slurred speech, there is a high probability that he or she is intoxicated.
- ___ 18) People with speech impairments usually prefer to be asked to repeat what they said if a listener doesn't understand them.
- ___ 19) When a wheelchair, cane, or crutch user sits on a regular chair or sofa, you can help by moving their wheelchair, canes or crutches out of the way.
- ___ 20) If a person who uses a wheelchair comes to a meeting that is located up a flight of stairs, the best way to deal with this situation is to carry him or her into the meeting room.
- ___ 21) Lack of accessible transportation is one of the primary reasons why people with disabilities do not go to 12-Step meetings or treatment programs.
- ___ 22) Most "reasonable accommodations" cost less than \$250.
- ___ 23) An individual with a disability who is participating in a treatment program is admitted into a program with the understanding that they are required to do exactly what everyone else in the program does, without exception.
- ___ 24) "Reasonable modifications of programs or policies" in a residential program may include changing chore schedules to allow a disabled person to perform accessible tasks.
- ___ 25) Making cassette tapes of written materials can be an appropriate accommodation for people with visual and learning disabilities.
- ___ 26) The rate of substance abuse in the disability community is greater than that of the general public.
- ___ 27) Under the Americans with Disabilities Act, as long as there is at least one accessible drug and alcohol treatment program in a county, the county is not obligated to make any accessibility accommodations to other programs.